Investment Weekly

For the week ended Feb 28, 2025

Commentary

Weekly summary: Softer economic data hurt equities and lowered yields over the week.

Markets review

- U.S. equities, except for the DIJA, were lower for the week. Value beat growth and large caps bested small caps. Overseas markets, except for the U.K., fell too. Year to date, large tech (Nasdaq) and small caps (Russell 2000) are underwater, while large and mid caps are holding onto gains. Outstanding performance so far this year goes to developed international, particularly Europe.
- Treasury yields fell across the curve, with the 10yr yield falling by more than 50 bp from its January high. The Bloomberg Agg is up 274 bp year to date, beating most U.S. equity indexes.
- The dollar was stronger after three weeks of decline. In contrast, gold and Bitcoin futures decreased.
- · WTI crude sank for the sixth straight week.

Economic review

- This week in Washington: Tariffs were put back on the table as plans
 were announced to impose 25% tariffs on Mexico and Canada and a
 further 10% levy on Chinese goods. Also looming are the budget and
 possible government shutdown on 03/14.
- Rising concerns about the labor market came more into focus as a sharp monthly decline in February consumer confidence showed that pessimism about future employment prospects hit a 10-month high. Initial claims also jumped but continuing claims were less than anticipated.
- Inflation held steady as core PCE was in line with expectations.
- The negative news continued as the Citi Economic Surprise Index moved into negative territory while the Atlanta Fed's GDP tracker went negative for Q1.
- On the flip side, durable-goods orders and core capital goods were ahead of consensus.

Earnings review

4Q24 earnings have been strong. With 96% of the S&P 500 companies
reported, the blended earnings growth rate was 16.9% and the revenue
growth rate was 5.2%. Seventy-four percent of S&P 500 companies have
beat consensus EPS expectations and 63% have surpassed consensus
sales expectations according to FactSet.

Market data

Index prices (\$)	02/28/25	12/31/24
Dow Jones Industrial Average	43,841	42,544
S&P 500	5,955	5,882

.97 1.		
.97 1.	44 44	
	.44 1.4	-0.41
.22 -0.	.66 -0.6	66 -7.66
.08 -2.	.97 -2.9	7 -10.50
.99 1.	.38 1.3	-0.94
.48 1.	.29 1.2	9 -5.68
.47 -2.	.87 -2.8	37 -10.56
.95 3.	.32 3.3	32 -1.56
.47 -2.	.31 -2.3	-0.96
	.08 -2. .99 1. .48 1. .47 -2. .95 3.	.08 -2.97 -2.9 .99 1.38 1.3 .48 1.29 1.2 .47 -2.87 -2.8 .95 3.32 3.3

Fixed income				
Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate	1.26	2.74	2.74	1.42
Bloomberg Global Aggregate	0.41	2.01	2.01	0.31
Bloomberg High Yield Bond	0.40	2.05	2.05	1.78
S&P / LSTA Senior Loan	-0.02	0.84	0.84	1.33
JPM EMBI+ Emerging Markets Bond	0.91	2.90	2.90	1.66

S&P 500 sectors				
Technology	-4.01	-4.19	-4.19	-2.12
Materials	0.81	5.58	5.58	-5.22
Consumer discretionary	-2.10	-5.38	-5.38	-2.03
Health care	1.74	8.38	8.38	1.91
Utilities	-1.31	4.67	4.67	-3.64
Consumer staples	1.27	7.85	7.85	2.99
Energy	0.16	6.13	6.13	-3.60
Financials	2.82	8.06	8.06	2.22
Industrials	1.17	3.52	3.52	-4.28
Communication services	-2.54	2.26	2.26	6.28
Real Estate	2.20	6.14	6.14	-3.47

Equity style performance				
Large cap value	0.85	5.05	5.05	-1.93
Large cap growth	-2.57	-1.69	-1.69	-0.02
Mid cap value	0.26	1.63	1.63	-5.68
Mid cap growth	-2.59	0.32	0.32	-5.69
Small cap value	-0.69	-1.85	-1.85	-9.96
Small cap growth	-2.21	-3.82	-3.82	-11.13

International equities				
MSCI EAFE	-0.81	7.32	7.32	5.88
MSCI U.K.	1.58	8.94	8.94	6.39
MSCI Europe ex-U.K.	-0.22	11.42	11.42	10.06
MSCI Japan	-2.98	0.19	0.19	0.97
MSCI AC Asia ex-Japan	-4.19	1.83	1.83	1.26
MSCI Emerging Markets	-4.30	2.32	2.32	1.38
MSCI ACWI	-1.30	2.79	2.79	0.89

Source: FactSet.



Economic calendar

	Event	Country/Region	Date
g (Feb)	Markit PMI Manufacturing (Feb)	Germany	03/03/25
eb)	Markit PMI Composite (Feb)	Eurozone	
(Jan)	BoE Mortgage Approvals (Jan)	U.K.	
(Feb)	CIPS Manufacturing PMI (Feb)	U.K.	
	CPI (Feb)	Eurozone	
g (Feb)	Markit PMI Manufacturing (Feb)	U.S.	
Jan)	Construction Spending (Jan)	U.S.	
	ISM Manufacturing (Feb)	U.S.	
n)	Unemployment Rate (Jan)	Japan	
n)	Unemployment Rate (Jan)	Eurozone	03/04/25
	PMI Services (Feb)	Japan	
'MI (Feb)	Markit/ Caixin Services PMI (Feb)	China	
)	Markit PMI Services (Feb)	Germany	03/05/25
)	CIPS Services PMI (Feb)	U.K.	
	PPI (Jan)	Eurozone	
y (Feb)	ADP Employment Survey (Feb)	U.S.	
)	Markit PMI Services (Feb)	U.S.	
	Durable Orders (Jan)	U.S.	
	ISM Services PMI (Feb)	U.S.	
	PMI Construction (Feb)	Germany	03/06/25
Feb)	CIPS Construction PMI (Feb)	U.K.	
	Retail Sales (Jan)	Eurozone	
	ECB Refi Rate	Eurozone	
	Initial Claims (3/01)	U.S.	
	Productivity (4Q24)	U.S.	
an)	Wholesale Inventories (Jan)	U.S.	
-	Import/Export (Feb)	China	03/07/25
an)	Manufacturing Orders (Jan)	Germany	
•	GDP (4Q24)	Eurozone	
	Hourly Earnings (Feb)	U.S.	
	Nonfarm Payrolls (Feb)	U.S.	
b)	Unemployment Rate (Feb)	U.S.	
4	* ' '	U.S.	Source: Fac

Source: FactSet.

Market data, cont'd

Market data, cont d				
As of:	Last close	Prior week	Year end	3 mos ago
U.S. bond rates (%)				
U.S. federal funds target rate	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.75
U.S. 2yr Treasury	3.97	4.12	4.25	4.20
U.S. 10yr Treasury	4.20	4.40	4.58	4.25
U.S. 20yr Treasury	4.52	4.69	4.86	4.51
U.S. 30yr Treasury	4.47	4.66	4.79	4.43
High yield (Merrill U.S. Corporates)	6.72	6.77	6.97	6.81
Consumer rates (%)	_			
30yr mortgage rate	6.94	7.11	7.28	7.13
Prime rate	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.75
Commodities	_			
Gold (USD/oz)	\$2,849	\$2,963	\$2,641	\$2,640
Crude oil (USD/bbl)	\$69.76	\$70.70	\$71.72	\$68.72
Copper (LME \$/mt)	\$9,364	\$9,490	\$8,706	\$8,898
Gasoline (USD/gal)	\$3.40	\$3.42	\$3.22	\$3.25
Exchange rates				
\$ per €	1.04	1.05	1.04	1.06
\$ per £	1.26	1.26	1.25	1.27
¥ per \$	150.70	149.30	157.16	151.53
U.S. Dollar Index	107.61	106.60	108.49	106.08
Source: FactSet.				

Index definitions

Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index measures a wide range of global government, government-related, corporate and securitized fixed-income investments, all with maturities greater than one year.

Bloomberg High Yield Bond Index tracks the performance of below investment grade U.S. dollar-denominated corporate bonds publicly issued in the U.S. domestic market.

Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index is a bond market index composed of U.S. securities in Treasury, Government-Related, Corporate, and Securitized sectors that are of investment-grade quality or better, have at least one year to maturity, and have an outstanding par value of at least \$250 million.

Dow Jones Industrial Average is a price-weighted average computed from the stock prices of 30 of the largest and most widely held public companies in the U.S., adjusted to reflect stock splits and stock dividends.

FTSE EPRA / NAREIT Global Real Estate Index represents general performance trends of the equity securities of real estate companies involved in the ownership, disposition and development of income-producing properties worldwide.

JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Plus (EMBI+) tracks total returns for traded foreign currency denominated debt instruments in the emerging markets which meet minimum criteria for face value outstanding and market trading liquidity.

MSCI ACWI Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index designed to provide a broad measure of equity-market performance throughout the world, capturing large and mid cap representation across 23 Developed Markets (DM) and 26 Emerging Markets (EM) countries.

MSCI EAFE Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index designed to measure developed markets' equity performance, excluding the U.S. & Canada, for 21 countries.

MSCI Europe ex-U.K. Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index designed to measure equity performance of the 15 developed European markets except the U.K..

MSCI U.K. Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index designed to measure equity performance of listed common stocks in the U.K..

MSCI Asia ex-Japan Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index designed to measure equity performance of the 15 developed Asian markets except Japan.

MSCI Japan Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index designed to measure equity performance of listed common stocks in Japan.

MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that measures emerging market equity performance of 23 countries.

Municipal Bond Index is a bond index that includes investment-grade, tax-exempt fixed-rate bonds with long-term maturities (greater than two years) selected from issues larger than \$50 million.

NASDAQ Composite Index is a market capitalization weighted index of the performance of domestic and international common stocks listed on the Nasdaq Stock Market including over 2,800 securities.

Large Growth: Russell 1000 Growth Index measures the large-cap growth segment of the U.S. equity market including Russell 1000 companies with higher price-to-book ratios and forecasted growth.

Large Value: Russell 1000 Value Index measures the large-cap value segment of the U.S. equity market including Russell 1000 companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower expected growth.

Midcap Growth: Russell MidCap Growth Index measures the performance of the mid-cap growth segment of the U.S. equity market including Russell Midcap Index companies with higher price-to-book ratios and forecasted growth.

Midcap Value: Russell MidCap Value Index measures the performance of the midcap growth segment of the U.S. equity market including Russell Midcap Index companies with lower price-to-book ratios and forecasted growth.

Small Cap Growth: Russell 2000 Growth Index measures the performance of small-cap growth stocks in the U.S. equity market including Russell 2000 companies with higher price-to-value ratios and forecasted growth.

Small Cap Value: Russell 2000 Value Index measures the performance of small-cap growth stocks in the U.S. equity market including Russell 2000 companies with lower price-to-value ratios and forecasted growth.

S&P 500 Index is a widely regarded as the best single gauge of the U.S. equities market, including 500 leading companies in major industries of the U.S. economy.

S&P 500 Sectors are defined as the GICS (Global Industry Classification Standard) sectors which provide standardized industry definitions consisting of 10 sectors, 24 industry groups, and 67 industries.

The S&P MidCap 400 includes 400 companies and represents almost 6% of the U.S. markets. To be eligible for inclusion in the index, a company should be a U.S. company, have a market cap between USD 3.3 billion to USD 11.8 billion, maintain a public float of at least 10% of its shares outstanding, and its most recent quarter's earnings and the sum of its trailing four consecutive quarters' earnings must be positive. The index implements changes on an as-needed basis.

The S&P SmallCap 600 includes 600 companies and represents almost 3% of the U.S. market. To be eligible for inclusion in the index, a company should be a U.S. company, have a market cap between USD 750 million to USD 3.3 billion, maintain a public float of at least 10% of its shares outstanding, and its most recent quarter's earnings and the sum of its trailing four consecutive quarters' earnings must be positive. The index implements changes on an as-needed basis.

The Russell 1000 Index measures the performance of the large-cap segment of the U.S. equity market and includes approximately 1,000 of the largest securities based on market capitalization and representing approximately 92% of the U.S. market.

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